94TH CONGRESS 1st Session

## H. R. 564

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 14, 1975

Mr. Koon introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

## A BILL

- To protect the constitutional rights of citizens of the United States and to prevent unwarranted invasion of their privacy by prohibiting the use of the polygraph for certain purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. It shall be unlawful for any officer or em-
  - 4 ployee of any executive department or agency or any indi-
  - 5 'vidual acting under the authority of such officer and employee
  - 6 to do the following:
  - 7 (a) to require or request, or to attempt to require
- 8 or request, any officer or employee of the United States,
- 9 or any individual applying for employment as an officer Approved For Release 2001/05/02 : CIA-RDP83B00823R000200050116-0

1	or employee of the United States, to take any polygraph
2	test in connection with his services or duties as such
3	officer or employee, or in connection with such indi-
4	vidual's application for employment;
5	(b) to deny employment to any individual, or to
6	discharge discipline, or deny promotion to any officer or
7	employee of the United States, or to threaten to commit
8	any such act by reason of his refusal or failure to submit
9	to such requirement or request.
10	SEC. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person engaged in
1.1	any business or other activity in or affecting interstate com-
12	merce, or any individual acting under the authority of such
13	person to do the following:
14	(a) to require or request, or to attempt to require or
15	request any officer or employee employed by such per-
16	son or any individual applying for employment in con-
17	nection with such business or activity to take any poly
18	graph test in connection with his services or duties or in
19	connection with his application for employment.
20	(b) to deny employment to any individual, or to
21	discharge, discipline, or deny promotion to any office
22	or employee employed in connection with such busines
23	or activity, or to threaten to commit such act by rea
24	son of his refusal or failure to submit to such require

	SEC. 3. Whoever willfully violates or willfully attempts
	to violate any of the provisions of this Act shall be guilty of
	3 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be punished
	4 by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by imprisonment not
	5 exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
	6 Sec. 4. (a) Whenever—
	7 (1) any officer or employee of any executive de-
	8 partment or any executive agency of the United States
	9 Government, or any person acting or purporting to act
Ţ	0 under his authority, or
1	1 (2) any commissioned officer as defined in section
1	2 101 of title 10, United States Code, or any member
	3 of the Armed Forces acting or purporting to act under
	4 his authority, or
	(3) any person engaged in any business or other
	16 activity in or affecting interstate commerce, or any in-
	dividual acting under the authority of such person,
	violates or threatens to violate any of the provisions of sec-
	19 tion 1 or 2 of this Act, any employee or officer of the United
	20 States, or any person applying for employment in the execu-
	24 tive branch of the United States Government, or any person
	22 seeking to establish civil service status or eligibility for
	23 employment in the executive branch of the United States
	24 Government, or any individual applying for employment in
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- ing interstate commerce, or any employee or officer employed by a person engaged in such business or activity, who is  $\mathbf{2}$ affected or aggrieved by the violation or threatened violation, may bring a civil action in his own behalf or in behalf of him-4 self and others similarly situated, against the offending officer or employee or person in the United States District Court for 6 the district in which the violation occurs or is threatened, or 7 for the district in which the offending officer or person is found, or in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, to prevent the threatened violation or to obtain redress against the consequences of the violation. ,1.1.
- (b) Such United States district court shall have juris-12 diction to try and determine such civil action irrespective of 13 the actuality or amount of pecuniary injury done or threat 14 ened, and without regard to whether the aggrieved party 15 shall have exhausted any administrative remedies that may 16 be provided by hw, and to issue such restraining order, inter-17 Accutory injunction, permanent injunction, or mandatory injunction, or enter such other judgment or decree as may be 19 necessary or appropriate to prevent the threatened viola-20 tion, or to afford the plaintiff and others similarly situated 21complete relief against the consequences of the violation. 22
- 23 (a) With the written consent of any person affected or 24 aggrieved by a violation or threatened violation of section

- 1 such action on behalf of such person, or may intervene in
- 2 such action. For the purposes of this section, employee or-
- 3 ganizations shall be construed to include any brotherhood,
- 4 council, federation, organization, union, or professional orga-
- 5 nization made up in whole or in part of employees and which
- 6 has as one of its purposes dealing with departments, agencies,
- 7 commissions, independent agencies of the United States, or
- 8 with businesses and industries engaged in or affecting inter-
- 9 state commerce, concerning the conditions and terms of em-
- 10 ployment of such employees.